

CONTROLLED VOLUME INJECTION/ASPIRATION DEVICE

The present application is a continuation of U.S. Provisional Patent Application Serial No. 60/463,638 filed
5 April 16, 2003 which is incorporated herewith in its entirety by this specific reference.

The present invention is generally directed to a multiple dosage injection device and more particularly to a multiple
10 dosage injection dispensing pen which is suitable for precise placement of desired amounts of BOTOX[®] to specific muscle tissue.

Current procedures for injection of BOTOX[®] utilize a
15 syringe and the injection volume is controlled by a users' ability to stop on graduations indicated on a side of the syringe.

Local administration of a chemodenervating agent, such as
20 botulinum toxin, often is performed through subcutaneous, intramuscular, paramuscular injection, or percutaneous installation. When the chemodenervating agent is injected by subcutaneous injection the agent reaches the muscle by perfusion.

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Typically, a multiple number of small injections is utilized to treat a specific area with each injection being in the range of between about 5 microliters and about 1ml.

As hereinabove noted, heretofore procedures utilizing conventional syringes have difficulty in controlling small injectionable amounts with the consistency.

5 The present invention provides for a controlled volume injection/aspiration device for the effective administration of a chemodenervating agent, such as botulinum toxin, to a selected area.

10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

 A controlled volume injector/withdrawal device in accordance with the present invention generally includes a syringe having a body for containing a medicament, a needle
15 and a piston slidably disposed in the body.

 A shell is provided for receiving syringe body with a needle projecting from the shell. A plunger rack disposed within the shell is slidable for moving of the piston and a
20 manually operated control is disposed in an operative relationship with the plunger rack for moving the plunger rack in a stepwise forward direction causing the piston to eject medication from the syringe body through the needle and a
stepwise reverse direction causing the piston to aspirate
25 fluid into the syringe body through the needle.

 More particularly, the device may include a window disposed in the shell for enabling observation of fluid aspirated into the syringe body. This feature enables the

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user to determine needle placement by such aspiration. For example, if, upon aspiration, blood appears visible through the window the user physician would change placement of the needle tip in order to avoid injecting BOTOX[®] directly into a
5 blood vessel.

More particularly, the control comprises an injecting pawl for engaging the plunger rack for moving the plunger rack in the stepwise forward direction and disengaging the plunger
10 rack upon movement in the stepwise reverse direction.

In addition, a withdrawing pawl is provided for engaging the plunger rack for moving the plunger rack in the stepwise reverse direction and disengaging the plunger rack upon
15 movement in the stepwise forward direction.

The control is configured, through rack and pawl sizing, for injecting medication in the range between about 5 μ l and about 1 ml.

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Preferably, the control is configured for finger operation so that that entire injection and aspiration process can be carried out through a one handed operation. In addition, the syringe may be of conventional design or
25 specific BOTOX[®] design and is removable from the shell. In that regard, the invention further includes separately the shell, plunger rack and manually operated control.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention may be more clearly understood with reference to the following detailed description in conjunction
5 with the appended drawings of which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of the controlled volume injection/withdrawal device in accordance with the present invention generally showing a needle projecting from a shell
10 and a manually engagable trigger;

Figure 2 is a cross sectional view of the device shown in Figure 1 illustrating a syringe body disposed within the device shell with the needle projecting therefrom along with
15 an operating control shown in a neutral position with injecting and withdrawing pawls for selectively engaging a plunger rack which operates a piston for both ejecting medicine from the syringe body and aspirating fluid into the syringe body;

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Figure 3 is a view of the device shown in Figures 1 and 2 during an injecting procedure in which the trigger is moved in a forward direction and the injecting pawl engages the plunger rack for movement of the piston in a forward direction; and

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Figure 4 is a view of the device similar to Figures 1-3 illustrating withdrawal or aspiration of fluid from a body (not shown) when the trigger is moved in a reverse direction and the withdrawing pawl engages the plunger rack.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

With reference to Figure 1, there is shown a control
5 volume injection/aspiration device 10 in accordance with the
present invention generally showing a syringe 12 and needle 14
along with a shell for receiving a syringe body 20, see
Figures 2-4.

10 As shown in Figures 2-4, the syringe 12 includes a piston
24 slidably disposed in the syringe body 24 for forcing
medicament through the needle 14. A plunger rack 28 is
slidably disposed within the shell 18 and coupled to the
piston 24 at a front end 30 thereof.

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A manually operated control 34 is disposed in an
operative relationship with the plunger rack 28, as
hereinafter described in greater detail, for moving the
plunger rack 28 in a forward direction, indicated by arrow 38
20 in Figure 3, causing the piston 24 to eject discrete doses of
medication from the syringe body 20 through the needle 14, and
move the piston 24 in a reverse direction, indicated by the
arrow 40, in Figure 4 to aspirate discrete quantities of fluid
into the syringe body 20 through the needle 14.

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A window 44 is provided in the shell 18 in order to
observe withdrawn, or aspirated fluid from a body, not shown.
As hereinabove noted, this reverse motion of the piston for
aspirating fluids from a body prior to injection will give an

indication of proper placement of the needle for injection of the medicament, preferably botulinum toxin.

The operating control 34 includes a button 48 manually accessible from outside of the shell 18 and a control rod 50 an injecting pawl 54 is pivot 56 mounted to an end 58 of the rod and is limited in rotation so that forward motion of the button 48 from a neutral position, as shown in Figure 2, causes the injecting pawl 54 to engage plunger rack teeth 62.

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Forward movement of the plunger rack 28 and piston 24 is limited to a discrete amount defined by the spacing between the button 48 and a front face 66 of the shell 18. Thus, movement of the button forward in a direction of the arrow 38 causes a limited or discrete movement of the plunger rack and piston thereby causing a discrete measured dose of medicament to be ejected through the needle 14.

Reverse movement of the button 48 and rod from the position shown in Figure 3 to a neutral position, shown in Figure 2, causes the injecting pawl to ride over the teeth 62. The injecting pawl 54 again engages the teeth 62 as the button 48 is moved forward again in the direction of arrow 38.

Thus, repeated discrete amounts of medicament can be injected into a selected area (not shown) of a patient (not shown). Such discrete doses are preferably within the range of about 5 microliters and about 1ml, with such doses being defined by the movement available by the button 48.

With reference to Figure 4, when the button 48 is moved in the direction of the arrow 40 past the neutral position, shown in Figure 2, the rod end engages a withdrawing pawl and
5 engages the pawl 70 with the rack teeth 62 by rotation about a pivot 72. In this movement, the injecting pawl 54 is disengaged from the rack teeth 62. This movement causes withdrawal of the piston from the body 20 and aspiration of fluid through the needle 14 and into the syringe body 20 which
10 may be observed through the window 44.

The injection/aspiration device 10 may be precharged with botulinum toxin and disposable or alternatively the syringe 12 may be removable from the shell 19. In this embodiment
15 recharged syringes 12, along with needles, may be provided with the shell 18 and the operating control 34 utilized for subsequent multiple injections of botulinum toxin.

It should also be appreciated that the elements of the
20 present invention may be formed from any suitable materials for use in medical applications.

Although there has been hereinabove described a specific controlled volume injection/aspiration device in accordance
25 with the present invention for the purpose of illustrating the manner in which the invention may be used to advantage, it should be appreciated that the invention is not limited thereto. That is, the present invention may suitably comprise, consist of, or consist essentially of the recited

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elements. Further, the invention illustratively disclosed herein suitably may be practiced in the absence of any element which is not specifically disclosed herein. Accordingly, any and all modifications, variations or equivalent arrangements
5 which may occur to those skilled in the art, should be considered to be within the scope of the present invention as defined in the appended claims.